

2.2 Arguments and Timing

Hardware manual

www.pinetek-networks.com

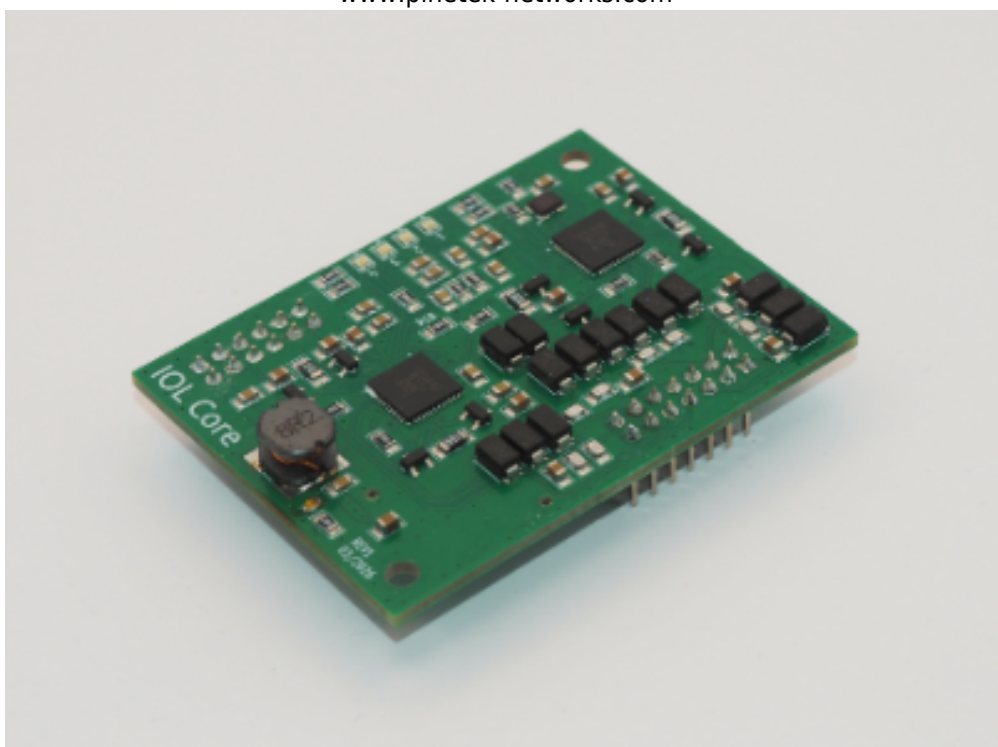


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2.2 Arguments and Timing

Command line arguments

-h, -help	shows help message and exits
-v, -version	prints version information and exits
-m0, -mode0	Operating Mode Port 0 (X1), Possible values 0: IOL, 1: DI, 2: DO, 3: OFF
-m1, -mode1	Operating Mode Port 1 (X2), Possible values 0: IOL, 1: DI, 2: DO, 3: OFF
-e, -extclock	Use clock for MAX14819 from ext source (not required for the IOL HAT)
-d, -delaycurrentlimit	Delay time in ms for current limit enabling after port enable, range [1..1500]. Please see below for further details
-b, -blankingtime	Blanking time setting 0=short...3=long for capacitive loads. Please see below for further details
-r, -realtime	Run realtime on given kernel. Requires root rights, see below for details
-i, -iolport	This specifies the IOL port (see jumper settings on the IOL HAT). Standard is port 1/2. See hardware manual for the SPI and GPIOs in use. Possible values 12 (default) and 34
-t, -tcpport	Specify the TCP port for communication. If not specified here, TCP port is 12010 for IOL port 1/2 and 12011 if -iolport 34 is set.

IOL Port modes

The operation mode of the ports are defined with -m0 and -m1 (respectively -mode0 and -mode1) for the IOL HAT ports.

- **** 0 (Default) - SDCI/IO-Link operation****
 - Parameters (CMD_READ, CMD_WRITE) and Process Data (CMD_PD) as provided by the connected device
- **** 1 - DI: Input mode****
 - No parameters (CMD_READ, CMD_WRITE) available
 - Process data: 1 byte IN/ 0 byte OUT (CMD_PD)
 - CQ-Line against GND: Process data IN = 0x00
 - CQ-Line against +24V: Process data IN = 0x01
 - Power needs to be enabled (CMD_PWR) for operation
- **** 2 - DO: Output mode****
 - No parameters (CMD_READ, CMD_WRITE) available
 - Process data: 0 byte IN/1 byte OUT (CMD_PD)
 - Process data OUT = 0x01: CQ-Line driven to 24V
 - Process data OUT = 0x00: CQ-Line driven to GND
 - Power needs to be enabled (CMD_PWR) for operation
- **3 - OFF: Port off/disabled**

The port mode can only be set at program start.

Delay current limit / blanking time

The -d (-delaycurrentlimit, default is 0) parameter allows to disable the current limit of 500mA after port enable after powering the port (CMD_PWR). This is needed for some devices that have a higher current demand at device start (note: often, the specifications for those devices are <500mA).



Use the **-d** parameter with caution, too much current on L+ may damage the IOL HAT circuit. Limit the current at the IOL HAT input $\leq 1\text{A}$ for testing and iterate to the required time with this limit. Damages to the IOL HAT hardware that are caused by the use of this are not covered by the IOL HAT product warranty. The usage is on your own risk.

The blanking time parameter **-b** (**-blankingtime**, default is 0) sets the current-limit blanking time for the L+ sensor supply. Longer blanking times allow for charging of larger capacitive loads.

Blanking time parameter	0 (default)	1	2	3
Blanking time	5,5ms	16,5ms	55ms	165ms

Timing considerations

IO-Link is a real-time protocol that requires fast response and cycle times to not run into timeouts. For running with sensors etc. that are queried 1-2 times per second, those timeouts are not critical. The `iol-master-appl` can run with standard user rights without further considerations.

If timeouts are critical (e.g., when HMI devices are connected that would change screen when timeouts occur), it is recommended to run the `iol-master-appl` in realtime mode. The solution is based on this description:

<https://forums.raspberrypi.com/viewtopic.php?t=228727>

As preparation, one core needs to be reserved. This is done by adding the this argument to `/boot/firmware/cmdline.txt` (for older versions of Raspberry OS, the file is `/boot/cmdline.txt`):

```
isolcpus=3
```

where 3 is the core you want to reserve (can be 0..3).



All arguments in the `cmdline.txt` need to be in ONE line, i.e. you need to add the `isolcpus=3` at the end of the line. Otherwise the core reservation as described above will not work.

The core needs to be matching with the option that you are giving when starting the `iol-master-appl`, e.g., for core 3 (matching with the above example of the `cmdline.txt`) it would be

```
sudo iol-master-appl -r 3
```



Each core needs to be explicitly stated. To reserve e.g. core 2 and 3 (the last two cores), the statement would be `isolcpus=2,3`. In this case, two `iol-master-appl` can be executed: `iol-master-appl -r 2` and `iol-master-appl -r 3`, both running in realtime mode.